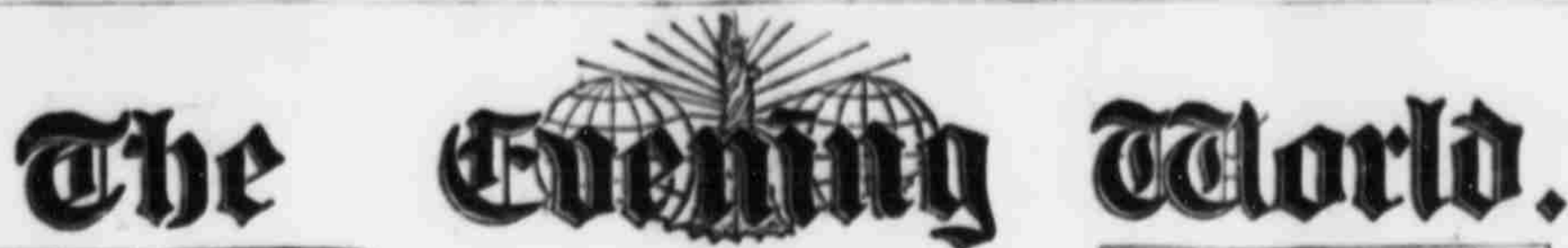


COLLAPSE OF MRS. DE SAULLES REPORTED



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GERMANS LOSE IN BATTLES WITH FRENCH

City's Police and Firemen Liable to Draft Call

FRENCH IN FURIOUS DRIVES BREAK INTO CROWN PRINCE'S LINES AT THREE POINTS

Inflict Heavy Losses on the German Army on the Champagne Front.

HAIG SHIFTS ATTACKS.

Main Effort Now Is Toward Lens, With Canadian Troops Gaining Ground.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—French troops last night broke into the lines of the German Crown Prince on the Champagne front at three places, it was officially announced to-day by the French War Department.

Following is the text of today's War Office report:

"There has been fairly violent fighting in Belgium, particularly in the Bixchoote sector, and north of the River Aisne, along the Hurbelise-Craonne front. The infantry was not engaged.

"In the Champagne region we penetrated the German lines at three places. This made it possible for us to inflict losses on the enemy and to bring back prisoners.

"On the left bank of the River Meuse, after a spirited bombardment, German troops this morning undertook an attack between Avocourt Wood and Hill 204. Met by a violent fire from our forces, delivered with precision, our assailants were compelled to return at once to the trenches they had left after suffering perceptible losses.

"In upper Alsace there have been encounters between patrols."

CANADIAN ARMY HEADQUARTERS IN FRANCE (By Canadian Press, Limited), Aug. 7.—The Canadian outposts around Lens have established a new line in a group of houses which is within a few yards of the enemy front line at that point.

The Lens-Bethune Road is now safely within our lines almost up to the City of Lens.

BRITISH FRONT IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Aug. 7. (By the Associated Press).—The British lines continue to tighten about the French City of Lens, north of Arras. Canadian troops, who on Saturday night pushed their positions forward approximately 200 yards along a front of a thousand yards into the western environs of the city, late yesterday added a 600-yard front of a similar depth to their defenses south and west of the outskirts of that mining centre.

The Germans have been showing signs of decided uneasiness in the Lens sector for several days as has been evidenced by their practice of throwing a curtain of fire on the British trenches each morning at dawn.

Vimy and Faches, towns behind the British lines south of Lens, also have been shelled daily by enemy batteries.

The rest of the British front has continued in a state of comparative calm so far as infantry actions have been concerned.

TEUTONS ROUTED BY THE RUSSIANS ON GALICIAN LINE

Line Thrown Back Between Dniester and Pruth River, Says Official Report.

KIEV, Russia, Aug. 7.—The Austro-German troops between the Dniester and the Pruth have been thrown back on the front ten miles from Chotin, according to news from the battle area reaching here. Chotin is at the junction of the Zarech and Dniester rivers on the Galician-Russian frontier.

PETROGRAD, Aug. 7.—In the direction of Kirovograd, in Bukovina, Austro-German forces, after a battle with the Russians, occupied the heights at Mohit, says the official announcement issued to-day by the Russian War Department.

In the region of the River Bystritsa, two Russian regiments voluntarily left their positions, causing the Russian troops to retire a few miles.

In the direction of Fokshani, on the Romanian front, the forces of the Central Powers and their allies began an offensive and pressed back the Russo-Romanian troops across the River Tyrladesu.

South of Grigolov the Russians drove back the Teuton advanced posts.

In the region west of the River Zbroz, on the Russian-Galician frontier, Austro-German troops, the statement adds, are hastily gathering the harvest.

BERLIN, Aug. 5 (via London).—Austro-German forces yesterday began an offensive against the Russo-Romanian armies in Moldavia, on the Romanian front.

Russian positions north of Fokshani were stormed, according to the official statement issued to-day by the German General Staff, and 1,200 prisoners were taken. Thirteen guns and numerous trench mortars also were captured.

JERSEY CITY'S FINANCES MANIPULATED, IS CHARGE

A. S. Moore Alleges False Entries and Confusion Before Legislative Committee.

TRENTON, N. J., Aug. 7.—Charges of fraudulent manipulation of finances of Jersey City were made here to-day before the Joint Committee of the Legislature on Judiciary. Albert S. Moore, a certified accountant of New York, for a time connected with the Jersey City government, alleges that there have been fictitious tax rates, misleading public reports, false entries on the city's account books, illegal expenditure of money and a general confusion of accounts.

It is understood Moore represents himself and certain citizens of Jersey City. The committee decided to hear Moore's charges, which consist of eight specific counts. These were reduced to writing by him and a copy will be served on the Jersey City Corporation.

COUNTRY IS TIRED OF FOOD BILL GAB, SAYS WILLIAMS

Both Parties Should Suppress Little Groups Who Have Been Halting Progress.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—The debate on the Food Control Bill was resumed to-day.

Senator Williams declared it was well for the Senate to hear what the country thinks and denounce obstructionists.

"It is a time to forget party alignments," he said, "and I am glad to say that a majority of both the Democrats and Republicans have done so, but there is a small group on both sides who have formed themselves into an anti-administration and anti-American party."

"Consciously or unconsciously," he said, "they had put faces into the attitude of opposing everything that goes to carry on the war."

"It is time for the majority of the Democratic and Republican Parties to get together and say to these two little groups," he declared, "you have danced your ballet, you have sung your song, America is tired of you, we are tired of you—we want to do something."

"Roosevelt, Taft and Wilson are setting examples. All three have proven their Americanism. They are tired, the country is tired, the House is tired and two-thirds of the Senate is tired of this constant gabble-fest, this constant gabbling about nothing."

"We're lagging through the dog days, making everybody nervous and tired with talk on this bill that is not changing a vote. Why take up the time of the American people with this?"

Senator Gronna charged the bill was drafted for the benefit of John D. Rockefeller and the Standard Oil Company and against the American farmer.

"The bill would absolutely prevent the farmer from getting gasoline and kerosene unless they paid whatever the Oil Trust liked to charge," said Gronna.

Senator Chamberlain to-day believed the opposition was about exhausted and a vote would be possible to-morrow. He doesn't expect more than 20 votes against the report.

EYES OF 78 PER CENT. OF U. S. CHILDREN HELD DEFECTIVE

Most of Blindness Now Existing Could Have Been Prevented, Ophthalmologists Are Told.

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Aug. 7.—Only 12 per cent. of the school children in America have normal vision, according to a statement by Dr. C. B. Abegglen of Colfax, Washington, made in an address before the American Ophthalmological Association here to-day. Boards of Education are guilty of criminal negligence when they do not insist upon a thorough examination of the eyes of pupils, he asserted.

LAWYERS REAPING HARVEST IN DRAFT BLANK SHORTAGE; CALL POLICE AND FIREMEN

Baker's Order Making City's Guardians Liable Rouses Woods and Adamson.

Reports which have reached Deputy Attorney General Conkling, supervisor of the selective draft, that persons connected with local boards in various parts of the city, taking advantage of a shortage of printed forms, have been referring registrants to lawyers, who have been charging anything they could get for making out and certifying to affidavits, were partly confirmed to-day.

It was discovered that Otto Henschel, a lawyer, with an office at No. 2 Rector Street and another office at his home, No. 810 Ritter Place, the Bronx, has been the lawyer and notary for District Board 13, in the public school at Jennings Street and Prospect Avenue.

Minor O. Russ, a clerk of the board, has handed registrants claiming exemption a typewritten slip bearing the name and Rector Avenue address of Mr. Henschel. The lawyer admitted to-day that he has been charging from \$15 down for making out and certifying to exemption claims.

"There is a lot of work connected with it," he explained. "I had to make the prices pretty stiff or I would have been swamped. The trouble is that the local board has not enough blanks."

"It was a perfectly legitimate transaction in every case. The fee of a notary, or a lawyer, is optional. He can charge what he pleases, or, rather, what he thinks the service is worth."

Russ, the clerk, who admits he has been sending registrants claiming exemption to Henschel, gives the excuse that the Board has not been supplied with blanks. Henschel, he said, has added the Board materially with advice and volunteered to make out forms after the printed models and take care of all registrants. He says he had no idea Henschel was taking \$15 from men desirous of swearing that they are exempt.

Russ is not a member of the Board. H. L. Lippe, Jr., is chairman and Philip Storminger, of No. 1338 Prospect Avenue, is his associate. Mr. Lippe said to-day:

"Neither Mr. Storminger nor myself knew anything about the activities of Henschel. While it is true we have an insufficient supply of blanks, there is no excuse for a charge of \$15, or any such sum, for making out these forms."

FOUND LINE BEING FORMED AT HENSCHEL'S HOME.

"My attention was called to this by C. A. Kelly of No. 1317 Franklin Avenue, a drafted registrant who passed the physical tests and claimed exemption on the ground that he has a dependent family. Russ says we had no forms of an application for exemption on the ground and admits that he gave Kelly Henschel's name and address and evening office hours."

"Kelly told me he found a crowd at Henschel's home with Henschel forming them in line and taking them as they came. The man in front of Kelly handed Henschel \$15—according to Kelly—whereupon Kelly dropped out of the line and hunted me up. I started an investigation which has put a stop to the irregularity and I

(Continued on Eighth Page.)

ONLY A "FLIVVER," BUT THIS U BOAT SINKS 19 SHIPS

"Asthmatic," German Commander Says, But Destroys 66,000 Tons in 3 Weeks.

A German submarine captain who boasted in the refined English of Broadway that his U-boat was "an asthmatic flivver" and that nevertheless it had sunk 19 vessels, aggregating 66,000 tons of British shipping in three weeks was described to-day by Harold Hansen of Detroit, who had just arrived at an Atlantic port on a British ship.

"I was a member of the crew of the Artensius, which was torpedoed on July 19," said Hansen. "We were in ballast, bound from Glasgow to Hampton Roads. Two days out, about 10 o'clock in the morning, a torpedo missed us by thirty feet. Then the sub came to the surface and the captain megaphoned us to get into the boats."

"When the ship was deserted the sub crew went aboard and gripped her of her provisions and instruments. The German commander was a good fellow, however, for he called all the boats alongside and took care to see that every boat had plenty of provisions. He even gave us our course."

"You're 82 miles off Black Rock," he said. "If you row like hell you ought to make it in 24 hours. And when you do get ashore I wish you'd tell the English that this boat of mine is an asthmatic old flivver with one gun and that I've been out three weeks and sunk 66,000 tons of their ships. So long!"

"Then he torpedoed the Artensius and slipped away. We took his advice to 'row like hell' and in the evening a trawler picked us up."

CONFERENCE OF ALLIES IS GOING ON IN LONDON

Premier Lloyd George Presides at Meeting Attended by Many Notables.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—A conference of representatives of the Entente Allies, a continuation of the Paris conference, was opened this morning in London. David Lloyd George presided.

Among those at the conference were Premier Ribot and Minister of War Poincaré of France, Baron Sonnino, Italian Foreign Minister; A. J. Balfour, British Foreign Secretary, and Arthur Henderson and the other members of the British War Cabinet.

All the Entente Allies were represented by either ambassadors, ministers or special representatives.

GERMAN SUBMARINE FIRES IN SPANISH WATERS

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The Admiralty today announced that a German submarine yesterday attacked a Spanish fishing boat in the neighborhood of Bilbao, Spain, within Spanish territorial waters.

Two of the crew were severely wounded.

FOUND SHOT DEAD AS WOMAN PHONES INQUIRY FOR HIM

Jordan Wheat Lambert, Wealthy and Patron of Sports, Ends Life.

(Special to The Evening World.) ST. LOUIS, Mo., Aug. 7.—A mysterious telephone message from an unidentified woman resulted in the finding of Jordan Wheat Lambert, millionaire president of the Lambert Pharmaceutical Company, a suicide in his apartment, No. 5290 Waterman Avenue, here, early to-day.

The telephone in the Lambert apartment rang early this morning and a maid answered.

"Will you see how Mr. Lambert is?" called a woman in an excited voice at the other end of the wire. "He telephoned me that he was ill."

The maid left the telephone and went to Lambert's room where she found him at the point of death. Blood was streaming from a bullet wound and a revolver was lying by his side. According to her story, the maid immediately returned to the telephone.

Mr. Lambert was a brother of Albert Bond Lambert, noted aviator and aeronaut, and was himself widely known as a sportsman. He was divorced from his first wife. His second wife, to whom he was married in August, 1915, is in New York with a baby six months old. The Lamberts are understood to have separated last October.

The millionaire who killed himself to-day had made extensive researches in clairvoyance and other occult phenomena. The first Mrs. Lambert was also known to be deeply interested in such manifestations and several years ago gained considerable prominence in connection with her experiments.

HER ASTRAL BODY TRAVELED FAR, SHE SAID.

This particular set of experiments had to do with the projection of her astral body to great distances while her physical body remained in St. Louis. She said at that time that her astral body journeyed to Wales from her own home three times to bind up the injured arm of a boy hurt in a slate mine there. She said she gave him money for the relief of his needs. This was in United States currency and the boy exchanged it for English coin at a steamship office in London. This exchange is said to have been verified later.

This and several other manifestations attracted deep interest from students of the occult, particularly for the reason that Mr. Lambert was well known for his own investigations along similar lines.

Mr. Lambert was best known, however, as a sportsman. In 1908 he purchased the grounds and property of the Union Jockey Club at St. Louis. Seven years ago he came to New

(Continued on Second Page.)

DOCTORS ASK CLOSE GUARD FOR MRS. DE SAULLES IN CELL; FEAR JAIL MENACES HER LIFE

Slayer of Divorced Husband Talks Only of Her Boy, Despairing of Winning Contest for His Custody—May Be Taken to Hospital Today.

TAFT AND DAVISON ARE MAJOR GENERALS

Appointed Under a War Department Order to Expedite the Work of the Red Cross.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 7.—Officials of the Red Cross and probably those of the Young Men's Christian Association serving with the American army in Europe will wear the American uniform.

Henry P. Davison, Chairman of the Red Cross War Council, and William H. Taft, Chairman of the Central Committee, will be recognized as major generals, should they cross the Atlantic. Lesser rank will be conferred upon lesser officials. Members of Mr. Davison's committee and Mr. Taft's committee will be given rank of brigadier general.

Operations of the Red Cross and the Y. M. C. A. are being hampered because its officials in Europe do not receive the recognition accorded to wearers of uniforms. Their commissions will be signed by the Secretary of War, but will confer no military authority, obligations or rights. They are intended more as certificates of identification and of an indication of confidence of the Government.

THIS YEAR'S COTTON CROP VALUED AT \$1,412,860,035

Prices the Highest in Forty-Seven Years, Says Report of New Orleans Exchange.

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 7.—The cotton crop, including the seed for the trade year ending July 31, was valued at \$1,412,860,035, as against \$948,290,000 a year ago. The annual report of Secretary Hester of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange, made public to-day, said prices paid this year were the highest in forty-seven years.

The average price for middling was 18.41 cents per pound, compared to 11.92 last year.

The short crop, following in the wake of a short crop and increased demand, accentuated by the domestic demand for war purposes, naturally resulted in the high prices," said the report.

Secretary Hester reported the crop at 12,949,334 bales, averaging from middling to strict middling. The actual growth of 1916-17 was placed at 12,240,000 bales.

NEW YORKER WOUNDED BY GERMAN SHELL FIRE

Julian Allen Injured While on Duty With American Ambulance—Pennsylvania Man Killed.

PARIS, Aug. 7.—John V. Newlin of Whiteford, Pa., was killed and Julian Allen of New York, son of Frederick Allen, was wounded by a shell while on duty with the American Ambulance. Both were members of Section 29. Allen's wounds are not dangerous.

(Per Racing Results See Page 8.)

Mrs. Bianca De Saulles, in the reaction from the high nervous tension in which she was when she shot and killed her divorced husband, John Longer De Saulles, at his country home at Westbury Friday evening, has collapsed nervously to such an extent that her life is endangered. Three physicians, of whom one was Dr. Guy F. Cleghorn of Mineola, attending physician at the County Jail and for years principal medical adviser to the District Attorney's office of Nassau County, announced this conclusion to-day as the result of their consultation at Mrs. De Saulles' bedside late last night.

The finding undoubtedly will be made the basis for a demand that Mrs. De Saulles be removed from the jail and put in an institution, probably the Nassau Hospital, founded by the Belmonts, at Mineola. Henry A. Utherhart, counsel for Mrs. De Saulles, was expected to make an application for the change to the Supreme Court sitting in Brooklyn to-day.

IN STATE OF ADVANCED MELANCHOLIA.

Dr. Cleghorn, in explanation of the statement of the opinion of the physicians, said:

"The young woman is in a state of advanced melancholia. Her complete indifference to her plight and to our efforts to find out her physical condition was in itself alarming. I have been asked if in such a state she might not seek to take her own life. My answer is that I shall not approve of her being taken to any place where she is not constantly watched and guarded. I have already cautioned the Sheriff that she should never be left alone, no matter where she is."

"Mrs. J. Sherman White of the Long Island College Hospital, Edward Johnson of Johns Hopkins, and myself agreed that Mrs. De Saulles' condition is grave. She weighs less than 100 pounds. She is very anemic. She suffers from lack of nourishment and seems to be in a state of complete nervous exhaustion. These conditions date back a long time before last Friday. She was entirely indifferent to our efforts to aid her. She volunteered nothing and we were obliged to ask questions as though examining a hostile witness. She was roused out of this apathy only when the questions suggested thoughts of her little boy."

DESPAIRS OF WINNING CUSTODY OF BOY.

Mrs. De Saulles knows of the determined stand taken by Major De Saulles, father of the slain man, regarding little Jack, and that her father-in-law, whether right or wrong legally, regards himself as the natural guardian of his son's child. She has come to despair of winning any sort of a legal contest with members of her dead husband's family because of his success, though found guilty of immorality in a divorce suit, in getting partial custody of their son, Mr. Utherhart found his preparation of the defense of Mrs. De Saulles in the trial, which is to be set for next month, very much hampered by her unwillingness to have him talk or work re-